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Overview

Introduction

The Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP) is administered by VRS in partnership with a VSDP third party administrator (VSDP TPA). VSDP provides state employees with supplemental income while out of work due to a short-term or long-term disability.

This topic covers CIPPS processing requirements for participants in the program. Minimal information is provided in this topic concerning eligibility, leave allotments, benefits, and exceptions. Agencies should refer to VRS (VSDP Handbook, 2004) and DHRM (4.57 DHRM Policies and Procedures Manual) publications for detailed program rules.

Agencies must develop internal policies and procedures encompassing all program rules promulgated by VRS and DHRM. Agencies must ensure the accuracy of :

- VSDP Benefits.
- Pay Classification.
- Employer and Employee Paid Deductions.
- Leave allocation and usage.

Eligibility

Eligible employees include state employees and faculty who are regularly employed on a full-time salaried basis and who are members of VRS, SPORS, and VaLORS. Part-time classified state employees who earn sick leave and work in salaried position at least 20 hours a week are also eligible.

Ineligible employees include:

- Members of the Judicial Retirement System.
- Employees of political subdivisions.
- Wage Employees and part-time adjunct faculty.
- Employees participating in ORPs or alternative retirement plans.

All full and part-time classified employees hired after January 1, 1999, who are active members of VRS must participate.

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Short-Term Benefits

VSDP provides income replacement to disabled employees at three levels, 100%, 80%, and 60% of predisability income, for varying periods determined by the employee's length of state service. Short-term benefits are paid by agencies through payroll.

Long-Term Benefits

VSDP emphasizes the goal of returning employees to work when medically able. However, if the employee is not able to return to work, VSDP provides income equal to 60% of the employee's predisability income compensation through long-term benefits. The VSDP TPA pays long-term benefits and the employee is removed from the agency's payroll.

Leave

Each year employees are given Sick leave and Family and Personal leave balances for absences of seven or fewer days. The Family and Personal leave (in addition to Annual, Compensatory, Overtime leave, and accumulated Disability Credits) can be used to supplement the 60% and 80% income replacement levels up to 100% of the employee's semi-monthly salary. When this is elected, balances are charged as follows:

Income Replacement	Personal Leave Charged	Disability Credit Charged
80 percent	1.6 per day	8 per day
60 percent	3.2 per day	

Waiting Period

Employees cannot receive short-term benefits until they have been absent from work for a period of seven calendar days (40 work hours). Generally employees:

- Can work up to 20 hours during the waiting period.
- Must use 40 hours personal leave, or work up to 20 hours and use 20 or more hours of personal leave (40 hours total), to receive regular pay during the waiting period, or be docked for time on Leave Without Pay.

VSDP provides for a waiver of the waiting period in certain circumstances. Such waivers are specified in Action Reports provided by the VSDP TPA.

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Income Replacement

The number of workdays at each income replacement level is determined by the length of state service and whether the absence is non-work related or work related as follows:

Non-Work Related					
Months of	Income Replacement Level				
Service	100%	100% 80% 60%			
Less than 60	5	20	100		
60 to 119	25	25	75		
120-179	25	50	50		
180 or more	25	75	25		

Work Related				
Months of	Inc	Income Replacement Level		
Service	100%	80%	60%	
Less than 60	65	25	35	
60 to 119	85	25	15	
120-179	85	40	0	
180 or more	85	40	0	

Synopsis — Non-Work Related VSDP Process Employees who are disabled through personal illness, injury, or pregnancy contact the VSDP TPA and provide information related to their disability. The VSDP TPA contacts the employee's licensed treating professional (LTP) and issues an Initiation Action Report alerting the agency that a VSDP claim may be forthcoming. The VSDP TPA determines the validity of the employee's claim following a complete review of the information provided by the employee and LTP. If the claim is:

- Not Approved the VSDP TPA issues a Closure Action Report and no further action is required.
- Approved the VSDP TPA issues a Determination Action Report
 outlining the income replacement levels and timeframes and the period of
 authorization (Authorized End Date). Payroll processes taxable payments
 according to the information provided on this report. Payments may be
 complicated by personal leave or disability credit usage, and/or part-time
 work in an approved VSDP return-to-work program.

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VSDP payments are authorized through the Authorized End Date on the most recent Action Report. Subsequent Determination Action Reports may be issued extending the Authorized End date based on medical information provided by the LTP. If the Authorized End Date is not extended, and the employee has not returned to work, VSDP payments must stop. In the absence of appropriate authorizations, employees must use personal leave or go into a LWOP status for the time missed from work. If the Authorized End Date is extended retroactively, agencies may be required to process adjustments to pay, benefits, and leave including:

- Payroll adjustments to reclassify regular payments into the appropriate VSDP Special Payment.
- One-time payments to employees where the employee went on LWOP.

VSDP claims continue until the employee returns to work full-time or the employee goes into a Long-term Disability status. If the employee is classified as Long-term Disabled, the employee is removed from the payroll and paid any accumulated personal leave balances. If the employee returns to work full-time, VSDP benefits stop and the employee is paid regular pay.

Synopsis — Work Related VSDP Process

The Work Related VSDP process requires careful coordination between the agency, DHRM, and the VSDP TPA. Work Related VSDP benefits require an approved Workers' Compensation Claim relating to an on-the-job injury or illness. Under Work Related VSDP processing:

- Workers' Compensation becomes the primary benefit, and VSDP becomes secondary.
- Both the Workers' Compensation Benefit and the VSDP Benefit are taxexempt.
- The number of the Days of Income Replacement is different for than non-work-related claims.

As described in CAPP Topic No. 50511, *Workers' Compensation*, DHRM investigates and determines the eligibility of Workers' Compensation claims, which may take up to 60-90 days. All reporting requirements and functions concerning the Workers' Compensation process must be adhered to by the agency.

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DHRM and the VSDP TPA contact each other and the employee's LTP during the eligibility determination period. During this period, the VSDP TPA may authorize the employee for Non-Work Related VSDP Benefits. If so, a Determination Action Report is issued describing the employee's income replacement levels and the agency will pay (taxable) Non-Work Related VSDP income replacement until the Workers' Compensation claim is approved. Once the Workers' Compensation Award is approved, the agency may be required to process adjustments to pay, benefits, and leave including:

- Payroll adjustments to reclassify regular payments or taxable VSDP payments made during the workers' compensation eligibility determination period into the appropriate non-taxable workers' compensation and VSDP special pay classification.
- One-time payments to employees where the employee went on LWOP.

When the Workers' Compensation claim is approved, payroll issues Workers' Compensation payments to the employee in anticipation of reimbursement from DHRM. Once the employee returns to work full-time or the employee goes into a long-term disability status, agencies must ensure the employee was paid correctly by performing a complete audit of the claim, ensuring all Workers' Compensation reimbursements due the agency have been received.

Calculation of the employee's payment is more complex due to the Workers' Compensation element. The employee has the same options to use personal leave balances or Disability Credits to bring their income replacement income up to their predisability semi-monthly salary. Since the Workers' Compensation award is the primary benefit, care must be taken to ensure that the employee does not receive a combined payment (Workers' Compensation, hours worked, personal leave usage, and VSDP benefits) of more than the employee's semi-monthly salary or approved income replacement level.

Working While Receiving VSDP Benefits Whenever possible, VSDP seeks to return employees to work, either full-time or part-time, with job modifications, or in another position. Employees in an approved VSDP return-to-work program while on disability may still receive VSDP benefits at the appropriate reimbursement level, as well as receive payment for all hours worked.

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Working While Receiving VSDP Benefits, continued **Note:** See the VRS and DHRM publications for information concerning benefit processing requirements under the LTD-Working status.

Proper and timely notification of hours worked (whether in-agency or not) and absences must be a priority to ensure accurate pay. Any combinations of regular pay, personal leave usage (including Disability Credits) and VSDP benefits should never exceed the employee's normal semi-monthly salary.

Payroll Summary

A summary of payroll, benefits and leave processing required in conjunction with VSDP claims follows:

		Non-Work	Work
Period	Pay, Benefits, Leave Processing	Related	Related
Day 1-7, Waiting Period	Employee uses personal leave (regular pay) or LWOP, unless waiting period is waived.	X	X
Day 8 to Authorized	Pay short-term disability benefits at the appropriate income replacement level.	X	X
End Date	Pay workers' compensation benefits.		X
(May be extended)	Process VRS, health insurance, and group life fringe benefits normally.	X	X
	Employee continues to accrue Annual leave up to 60 calendar workdays. Extend indefinitely if working.	X	X
	Agencies are reimbursed by DHRM if claim extends 21 days. Adjustments to leave usage for the waiting period may be required.		X
	Employee may use personal leave balances and disability credits to supplement short-term benefits up to 100% of predisability salary.	X	X
Day 180	Agency terminates employee.	X	X
	Employee receives payment for unused leave balances.	X	X
	Benefit processing stops.	X	X
	Employee begins receiving long-term disability payments.	X	X
	Workers' Compensation payments are mailed directly to employee's home		X

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Coordination with Payroll, Benefits, and Leave

Importance of Timely Processing and Communication

Processing payroll, benefits, and leave for employees affected by either work-related or non-work related VSDP absences can be among the most complex areas of payroll administration. Due to the complexity of VSDP program, agencies must establish policies and procedures outlining individual responsibilities under the program thus eliminating processing delays and/or poor communication, such as:

- Payroll, VSDP TPA, and DHRM are not notified timely of absences due to work-related injury.
- Workers' compensation eligibility determination is delayed either by the agency or DHRM.
- Workers' compensation award payments to agencies are delayed.
- Payroll is not notified of awards timely.
- Leave usage information is not submitted timely.
- Payroll is not notified of the employee's status timely.

Delays and poor communication nearly always affect employee take-home pay, resulting in incorrect classification of pay (i.e., taxable vs. nontaxable, regular pay vs. special pays), under or overpayments, and incorrect benefit deduction processing. Clear and effective communication between Payroll Officers, Fiscal Officers, Benefit Administrators, and Human Resource Officers is necessary in order to prevent incorrect payments to employees.

Employee Benefits

Employee benefit entitlements vary depending on the status of their disability. Basic benefit levels are described in the table on page 6. For more detailed information see DHRM's Polices and Procedures Manual Policy No. 4.57, *Sickness and Disability Leave Program*, and the VRS *VSDP Handbook*, 2004.

Virginia Retirement System Detail Action Report

Introduction

Receipt of a Virginia Retirement Detail Action Report initiates and tracks any VSDP claim. The action Report tells what type of VSDP claim is to be processed, how much to pay and for how long. Special attention is needed when reviewing this document to ensure proper processing and payment.

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Detail Action Report

The VRS Detail Action Report contains the following:

Description			
The first report r	eceived	I Informs HR/Payroll/BA that the VSDP TPA has been	
notified that an employee may process a claim. No Start Date will be indicated. No			
other action is re	equired	other than to file this information.	
The second repo	rt gene	rated informs HR/Payroll/BA that the claim has been	
approved and pa	yment	of VSDP benefits is authorized. This Detail Action Report	
gives the follow	ing info	ormation:	
Absence Type	Inform	ns processor of the disability classification.	
Workers'	Gives	the status of the Workers' Compensation claim.	
Comp Status			
Start Date	Actual	day the claim begins. (Day 8)	
Authorized	Date the	hrough which the VSDP TPA has authorized benefits.	
End Date	Reflects the date through which benefits should be paid. If		
	employee is not working as of this date, the employee must use		
	personal leave or go on LWOP until a new determination report		
		extending the Authorized End Date is generated by the VSDP TPA.	
STD End Date			
Waiting	Tells processor if the 7-calendar day waiting period was waived or		
Period	not.		
Waived			
information	information		
	If Then		
	YES VSDP benefits begin immediately.		
	NO Employee must use personal leave/hours worked to cover		
		absence or go on LWOP.	
Rate of Pay	Level of benefit due during a particular period.		
Effective Date	Breaks	s out the periods and percentages of pay for the employee.	
of Pay			

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Virginia Retirement System Detail Action Report, Continued

Three Types of Action Reports, continued

Closure Date	Date that the VSDP benefits end
Closure	Reason that the VSDP benefits ended.
Reason	
Comments/	Important case information may be transmitted in these areas.
Note Section	
Authorization	May or may not have to be authorized depending on agency
	procedures.

CIPPS Processing

Long Term Disability Deduction A long-term disability deduction (Deduction 036, LT DISAB) is automatically established when an employee's retirement deductions are established on HMCU1. All full-time and part-time classified employees who are eligible to participate in VSDP should have an active Deduction 036. See CAPP Topic No. 50425, *Group and Optional Life Insurance*, for more information.

Special Payments

The following three special payment codes are available to record VSDP and related payments in CIPPS. These special payments default to the proper expenditure object code, while using the employee's established 0R1 funding information. For more information on special payments and programmatic data, see CAPP Topic Nos. 50515, *Special Payments* and 50125, *Programmatic Data*.

Special			Object
Pay#	Purpose	Taxability	Code
061	VSDP payments for non-work related disabilities	Taxable	1153
062	VSDP payments for work related disabilities	Non-	
		Taxable	1154
002	Workers' Compensation payments for work-	Non-	
	related claims	Taxable	1151

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Deduction Overrides

Deduction overrides must be performed during periods that the employee is receiving less than 100% of regular pay. Overrides ensure that all employer paid deductions for eligible benefits are recorded as if the employee is receiving 100% regular pay during the pay period. Deductions are calculated in CIPPS as follows:

- Retirement (016), retiree credit (015) and buyback (017) are calculated by applying the applicable rate against the accumulated total of regular pay plus special pays 001, 002, 015, 061, 062 and 063. Thus a deduction override(s) may or may not be necessary for payments to an employee.
- Group Insurance (020) and Long Term Disability (036) are calculated by applying the applicable rate against the accumulated total of the SALARY/RATE amount on H0BID plus any *current special pays 001*, 002, 015, 061, 062 and 063. These deductions will always require a deduction override to be processed.

Each payment must be reviewed individually to determine whether an override is necessary. If deduction overrides are not processed through CIPPS, adjustments to these deductions must be processed manually through a VRS-1501 and IAT. See CAPP Topic No. 50605, *Tax and Deduction Overrides*.

Reminder: All deduction overrides must have a regular pay transaction (700) in order to process.

Employee Job Description Screen (H0BUO) The SDP Participant field is located on H0BUO. This is an informational field used to indicate whether an employee is participating in VSDP. Following overnight processing during the new employee add process, CIPPS automatically updates this field to a value of "Y," indicating the employee participates in VSDP. If participation is optional and the employee has opted out of VSDP, maintenance to this field will have to be performed to set the value to an "N."

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Non-Work Related Procedures The following chart illustrates the processing requirements of non-work related VSDP benefits and the applicable CIPPS data entry screens:

If the employees	Thou	Compan
If the employee	Then	Screen
Does not work any	Pay the short-term disability at the	Special Pays -
hours during the	applicable income replacement percentage.	HUE01 or
pay period,		HUC01
Works during the	Pay the number of hours worked (or for	Regular Pay -
pay period or uses	which leave is used during the waiting	HUA03,
leave during the	period) at the appropriate hourly rate.	
waiting period,	Subtract this pay for hours worked from the	Special Pays -
	full semi-monthly salary, and pay short-term	HUE01 or
	disability at the applicable income	HUC01
	replacement percentage on the remainder.	
Is at the 60% or	Pay short-term disability at the applicable	Regular Pay -
80% income	income replacement percentage. Also, pay	HUA03,
replacement level	the difference between the short-term	
and wants to	disability pay and full semi-monthly salary	Special Pays -
exchange available	as regular pay.	HUE01 or
disability credits or		HUC01
personal leave for	For disability credits, at either 80% or 60%	
supplemental pay,	level – reduce disability credit balance by 8	
	times the number of work days in the pay	
	period.	
	For personal leave, at 80% level – reduce	
	personal leave balance by 1.6 hours times	
	the number of work days in the pay period.	
	the number of work days in the pay period.	
	For personal leave, at 60% level – reduce	
	personal leave balance by 3.2 hours times	
	the number of work days in the pay period.	
Note: Pay processing		
	g described in the middle column are subject y credit and/or leave balances to obtain full	
-		
2 1 2	f insufficient balances are available or the	
	t to exercise full exchange eligibility, regular	
pay must be reduced		D 1 (
Does not work, or	Ensure the full contribution is made for	Deduction
works,	VRS, retiree health credit, group insurance,	Overrides –
	and LTD.	HUD01

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Work Related Procedures

Work related VSDP processing is identical except as follows:

- Pay workers' compensation benefit as specified in CAPP Topic 50520, Workers' Compensation Non-VSDP. Remember, the daily Workers' Compensation Indemnity Rate is derived from taking the Weekly Indemnity Rate and dividing it by the 7 days in a week.
- If the workers' compensation benefit is more than the short-term disability benefit at the applicable income replacement percentage, pay no short-term disability pay.
- If the workers' compensation benefit is less than the short-term disability benefit at the applicable income replacement percentage, pay any short-term disability pay due to ensure the employee receives the appropriate income replacement level.
- When DHRM approves a Workers' Compensation claim and the VSDP TPA issues a Determination Action Report stating that the VSDP claim is a work related, the workers' compensation benefit must be paid on an anticipatory basis. Do not wait for reimbursement from DHRM.
- Once the claim is complete or the employee goes into long-term disability, a reconciliation of Workers' Compensation payments to Workers' Compensation reimbursements must be completed. Any differences must be identified and corrected prior to terminating the employee.

Garnishment Withholdings

Benefits payable under VSDP program are exempt from levy, garnishment, attachment and other legal process. However, it is up to the employee to obtain a wavier from the courts stating it is exempt. If no wavier is presented, the Attorney General's office deems these withholdings collectable.

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Leave Usage for Waiting Period for Work Related VSDP Agencies are reimbursed the Workers' Compensation portion of the first 7 days of the claim for Workers' Compensation claims that exceed 21 days. In this case, the employee does not have to use personal leave balances to cover the entire 40 hours (or less in some instances) incurred during the waiting period. Personal leave must be re-instated to the employee at the pro-rated amount in accordance with the Workers' Compensation Rate as follows:

Step	Action
1	Calculate employee's annual salary
2	Calculate employee's weekly salary (annual salary divided by 52)
3	WC weekly indemnity benefit
4	WC weekly indemnity benefit divided by weekly salary
5	Daily WC hours (Result of step 4 times 8 hours)
6	Daily leave usage (8 hours minus step 5)
7	Leave usage (5 days multiplied by result of step 6)

Manual Adjustment Procedures

From time to time, it may be necessary to reclassify employee payments from regular to a particular special payment or from a special payment to another one, due to a delay in the receipt of information, waiting for complete information, or pending outcome of an investigation. If necessary, follow the procedures in CAPP Topic No. 50705, *Employee Tax Masterfile Updates*.

Internal Control

Internal Control

Agencies must have polices and procedures in place governing VSDP claim payment processing. These procedures must minimally incorporate employee notification, receipt of VSDP TPA action reports, compliance with the VSDP program guidelines, and employee leave usage. Agency payroll personnel, fiscal officers and human resource personnel must coordinate effectively to ensure proper payment employees.

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Records Retention

Time Period

The Input Transaction Listing, Report 1001, and the Transaction Batch Balance Summary, Report 1005, must be retained for 60 days. All other reports should be retained for five (5) years or until audited, whichever is later. Agency policy and procedures determine the retention of the related agency source documents/records.

Contacts

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Subject Cross References

References

CAPP Topic No. 50125, Programmatic Data

CAPP Topic No. 50425, Group and Optional Life Ins

CAPP Topic No. 50515, Special Payments

CAPP Topic No. 50520, Workers Compensation

CAPP Topic No. 50605, Tax and Deduction Adjustments CAPP Topic No. 50705, Employee Tax Masterfile Updates